

this that these those worksheet

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This That These Those Worksheet: A Comprehensive Guide for English Learners

Learning the difference between **this**, **that**, **these**, and **those** can be challenging for students of all ages. These demonstrative pronouns and adjectives are essential for clear communication, yet many learners struggle to use them correctly in context. A well-designed **this that these those worksheet** can make the learning process engaging, interactive, and memorable.

In this article, we will explore the role of demonstratives in English, explain the subtle distinctions between the four forms, and provide a step-by-step guide on how to create effective worksheets. We'll also share practical tips for teachers and parents, printable worksheet templates, and digital resources that can be incorporated into lesson plans.

Understanding Demonstratives: The Basics

Demonstratives are words that point out specific people, places, or things. In English, the four primary demonstratives are:

- **this** – used for something close to the speaker (singular)
- **that** – used for something farther from the speaker (singular)
- **these** – used for multiple items close to the speaker (plural)
- **those** – used for multiple items farther from the speaker (plural)

They can function as **adjectives** when they modify a noun (e.g., “**this** book”), or as **pronouns** when they stand alone (e.g., “I like **this**.”). Understanding when to use each form is crucial for effective communication.

Singular vs. Plural

One of the most common points of confusion is the singular/plural distinction. Remember:

1. **this** and **that** refer to one object.
2. **these** and **those** refer to more than one object.

For example:

- “This is my pencil.” (singular, close)
- “That is your pencil.” (singular, far)
- “These are my pencils.” (plural, close)
- “Those are your pencils.” (plural, far)

Proximity: Near vs. Far

Proximity is another key factor. Think of the speaker's perspective:

- **this** – something you can touch or see right now.
- **that** – something you can see but is a bit further away.
- **these** – several items that are close to you.
- **those** – several items that are farther away.

Teachers can use visual aids or physical objects on the classroom floor to demonstrate this concept. For instance, placing a toy in front of the class can illustrate **this**, while a toy on the far side of the room illustrates **that**.

Why Worksheets Matter

Worksheets are a staple in language instruction, and for good reason. They provide:

- Repetition – reinforcing concepts through practice.
- Assessment – allowing teachers to gauge understanding.
- Engagement – interactive activities keep students motivated.
- Individualization – worksheets can be tailored to different proficiency levels.

A **this that these those worksheet** can be designed to address each of these benefits, making it an invaluable tool for both classroom and home learning.

Designing an Effective Worksheet

Below is a comprehensive checklist to help you create a worksheet that is both educational and enjoyable.

1. Set Clear Learning Objectives

Before drafting any questions, define what you want students to achieve. Example objectives for a demonstratives worksheet:

- Students will correctly identify and use **this** and **that** with singular nouns.
- Students will correctly identify and use **these** and **those** with plural nouns.
- Students will understand the concept of proximity and apply it in context.

2. Use a Variety of Question Types

Mixing question formats keeps learners engaged. Consider the following categories:

1. Fill in the blank – students choose the correct demonstrative.
2. Matching – pair pictures with the appropriate pronoun.
3. Sentence rewriting – transform sentences by swapping demonstratives.
4. Picture labeling – label items in a diagram using demonstratives.
5. True/False – assess understanding of proximity rules.

3. Incorporate Visuals

Images or illustrations help students visualize the proximity concept. Use clear, high contrast pictures and label them with numbers so that students can reference them easily.

4. Scaffold Difficulty Levels

Provide sections that gradually increase in difficulty. For instance:

- Section A: Single word fill ins (easy).
- Section B: Two word sentences (moderate).
- Section C: Short paragraphs requiring multiple demonstratives (challenging).

5. Provide Immediate Feedback

Include answer keys or interactive digital options where students can check their work immediately. This reinforces learning and reduces frustration.

Sample Worksheet Layout

Below is a template you can copy and adapt. Feel free to adjust the wording, add images, or change the difficulty level to suit your class.

Section 1: Fill in the Blank

Choose the correct demonstrative pronoun (this, that, these, or those) to complete each sentence.

1. _____ is my favorite book.
2. _____ are my friends at the park.
3. _____ is the picture on the wall.
4. _____ are the shoes you bought yesterday.
5. _____ is the dog over there.
6. _____ are the balloons I brought.

Section 2: Match the Picture

Draw a line from the number on the left to the correct demonstrative on the right.

- 1. This (image of a cup in front of the student)
- 2. That (image of a book on a shelf)
- 3. These (image of a group of apples on a table)
- 4. Those (image of a set of chairs far away)

Section 3: Sentence Rewrite

Rewrite each sentence using the correct demonstrative pronoun.

1. "I like the red ball." ! "_____ is the red ball."
2. "She brought the blue pencils." ! "_____ are the blue pencils."
3. "Look at the picture." ! "_____ is the picture."
4. "They found the old toys." ! "_____ are the old toys."

Section 4: True or False

Decide if the statement is true or false.

1. True or False: These can be used for singular items.
2. True or False: That is used for objects that are close.
3. True or False: Those is a plural demonstrative.
4. True or False: This can refer to something far away.

Answer Key

Section 1: 1. This, 2. These, 3. That, 4. Those, 5. That, 6. These

Section 2: 1. This, 2. That, 3. These, 4. Those

Section 3: 1. This, 2. These, 3. That, 4. Those

Section 4: 1. False, 2. False, 3. True, 4. False

Digital Tools to Enhance Worksheets

While traditional paper worksheets are effective, digital tools can add interactivity and instant feedback. Consider the following platforms:

- Google Forms – Create quizzes with multiple choice, short answer, and image matching.
- Quizlet – Build flashcards and games that reinforce demonstratives.

- Padlet – Use a collaborative board for students to post sentences using demonstratives.
- Nearpod – Incorporate interactive slides, polls, and quizzes into a single lesson.
- Kahoot! – Host live games that challenge students to choose the correct pronoun in real time.

Digital worksheets can be shared with students, allowing them to practice at home or in the classroom. They also make it easier for teachers to track progress and adjust instruction accordingly.

Incorporating Contextual Activities

To deepen understanding, pair worksheets with real world tasks. Here are some ideas:

1. Classroom Scavenger Hunt

Hide objects around the room and ask students to describe them using demonstratives. For example, “I found **this** book on the desk” or “Look at **those** posters on the wall.”

2. Photo Journals

Have students take pictures of items in their homes or neighborhoods. They then write short captions using demonstratives. This encourages creativity and real life application.

3. Role Play Dialogues

Students pair up and create dialogues where they describe items to each other. Encourage the use of correct demonstratives and provide feedback after each role play.

4. Story Writing

Ask students to write a short story that includes at least five instances of each demonstrative. This practice promotes narrative skills while reinforcing grammatical accuracy.

Assessing Mastery

Assessment should be both formative and summative. Use the worksheet as a diagnostic tool at the beginning of a unit and as a review at the end. Additionally, consider these assessment strategies:

- Peer Review – Students evaluate each other's sentences for correct demonstrative usage.
- Self Assessment – Provide a rubric where students rate their own confidence with each demonstrative.
- Exit Tickets – Quick questions at the end of a lesson to gauge immediate understanding.
- Portfolios – Collect a series of worksheets and writing samples over time to track progress.

Common Pitfalls and How to Avoid Them

Even experienced teachers can encounter common errors. Here's how to address them:

1. Confusing **this** and **that**

Solution: Use physical distance demonstrations or visual aids. Reiterate the rule: **this** = close, **that** = far.

2. Mixing Singular and Plural

Solution: Emphasize

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